



# Jet momentum dependence of jet quenching in PbPb collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$ TeV<sup>☆</sup>

CMS Collaboration<sup>\*</sup>

CERN, Switzerland

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## ABSTRACT

Dijet production in PbPb collisions at a nucleon–nucleon center-of-mass energy of 2.76 TeV is studied with the CMS detector at the LHC. A data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $150 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$  is analyzed. Jets are reconstructed using combined information from tracking and calorimetry, using the anti- $k_T$  algorithm with  $R = 0.3$ . The dijet momentum balance and angular correlations are studied as a function of collision centrality and leading jet transverse momentum. For the most peripheral PbPb collisions, good agreement of the dijet momentum balance distributions with pp data and reference calculations at the same collision energy is found, while more central collisions show a strong imbalance of leading and subleading jet transverse momenta attributed to the jet-quenching effect. The dijets in central collisions are found to be more unbalanced than the reference, for leading jet transverse momenta up to the highest values studied.

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## 1. Introduction

Quantum chromodynamics (QCD) predicts that a new form of matter, consisting of deconfined quarks and gluons, is formed at very high temperatures. Calculations in lattice QCD [1] indicate that the transition to this so-called quark–gluon plasma should occur at a critical temperature of around 150–175 MeV, corresponding to an energy density of about  $1 \text{ GeV}/\text{fm}^3$ . Experiments have provided evidence that dense matter at high temperature can be created in relativistic heavy ion collisions [2–5].

Studies of particle production at high transverse momentum ( $p_T$ ) are a well-established way to probe the properties of the medium formed in heavy-ion collisions. The yields and correlations of high momentum particles are modified through the “jet-quenching” effect, resulting from the energy loss suffered by hard-scattered partons passing through the medium [6]. Fast parton energy loss provides key information on the thermodynamic and transport properties of the medium traversed [7,8]. Evidence for jet quenching was first observed in the suppression of inclusive high- $p_T$  hadron production and the modification of high- $p_T$  dihadron angular correlations in nucleus–nucleus collisions at the Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider, in comparison to proton–proton collisions [2–5].

Recent results at the LHC [9–13], using fully reconstructed jets, correlations between jets and single particles, and charged particle

measurements, provide detailed information on the jet-quenching effect. For central collisions, a large broadening of the dijet momentum asymmetry distributions is observed, consistent with theoretical calculations that involve differential energy loss of back-to-back hard-scattered partons as they traverse the medium [14–16]. At the same time, angular correlations between the jets are found to be almost unchanged, ruling out single-hard-gluon radiation as the leading energy loss mechanism. Studies of jet-hadron correlations, involving vector summation of charged hadron momenta, find that the energy balance in events with large dijet asymmetry is recovered on average by an excess of low-momentum particles in the hemisphere of the away-side jet, at large angles relative to the jet axes [9]. These results constrain the mechanism of parton energy loss [17,18]. Further understanding of this mechanism requires the measurement of the  $p_T$  dependence of the observed effects.

The dijet analysis presented in this Letter uses a large dataset of PbPb collisions at a nucleon–nucleon center-of-mass energy of  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV, collected with the Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS) detector in 2011. The CMS detector has a solid-angle acceptance of nearly  $4\pi$  and is designed to measure jets and energy flow, an excellent feature for studying heavy ion collisions. With a total integrated luminosity of  $150 \pm 8 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$  this dataset provides a significantly larger data sample than the  $6.8 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$  analyzed in 2010, allowing an extension of previous studies to more peripheral collision events and to jets of transverse momenta in excess of  $350 \text{ GeV}/c$ . Additionally, this Letter also presents a dijet analysis of pp collisions recorded at  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$  TeV by CMS in 2011, with a total integrated luminosity of  $231 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .

<sup>☆</sup> © CERN for the benefit of the CMS Collaboration.

<sup>\*</sup> E-mail address: [cms-publication-committee-chair@cern.ch](mailto:cms-publication-committee-chair@cern.ch).

## 2. Experimental method

### 2.1. The CMS detector

The CMS detector is described in detail elsewhere [19]. The calorimeters provide hermetic coverage over a large range of pseudorapidity,  $|\eta| < 5.2$ , where  $\eta = -\ln[\tan(\theta/2)]$  and  $\theta$  is the polar angle relative to the counterclockwise ion beam (the  $z$  axis). A steel and quartz-fiber Cherenkov calorimeter, called hadron forward (HF), covers the high pseudorapidity range  $3 < |\eta| < 5.2$  and is used to determine the centrality of the PbPb collision. Hadron calorimeter (HCAL) cells are grouped in projective towers of granularity  $\Delta\eta \times \Delta\phi = 0.087 \times 0.087$  (where  $\phi$  is the azimuthal angle) at central pseudorapidities, having a segmentation about twice as large at forward pseudorapidities. The electromagnetic calorimeter (ECAL) has a further segmentation of  $5 \times 5$  within a tower, and the signals in these cells are clustered together to reconstruct photons. The central calorimeters are embedded in a 3.8 T axial magnetic field produced by a superconducting solenoid. The CMS tracking system, located inside the calorimeter, consists of silicon-pixel and silicon-strip layers covering  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . This analysis uses tracks reconstructed down to transverse momenta of 900 MeV/ $c$  in PbPb collisions, with a track momentum resolution of about 1% at  $p_T = 100$  GeV/ $c$ . At high  $p_T$ , the efficiency of the tracking is not strongly  $p_T$  dependent, and for 100 GeV/ $c$  tracks it varies from 65% in peripheral collisions to 60% in central collisions. A set of scintillator tiles, the beam scintillator counters (BSC), used for triggering and beam-halo rejection, is mounted on the inner side of the HF calorimeters. The detailed Monte Carlo (MC) simulation of the CMS detector response is based on GEANT4 [20].

### 2.2. Jet reconstruction in PbPb collisions

Jets are reconstructed using the CMS “particle-flow” algorithm [21,22]. This algorithm attempts to identify all stable particles in an event (electrons, muons, photons, charged and neutral hadrons) by combining information from all sub-detector systems. The anti- $k_T$  sequential recombination algorithm, as encoded in the FASTJET framework, is used to combine the particle-flow candidates into jets using a distance parameter  $R = 0.3$  [23].

The small value of  $R$  helps to reduce the deterioration of the jet energy resolution in PbPb collisions due to fluctuations of the background from soft interactions. The underlying background from soft collisions is subtracted using the same method as employed in [9] and originally described in [24]. This algorithm is a variant of an iterative “noise/pedestal subtraction” technique, where the mean and dispersion of the energies detected in rings of constant  $\eta$  are subtracted from the jet. The jet and background energies are formed from the total energy, determined by particle-flow, within projective towers with the same segmentation as the HCAL, as described in Section 2.1.

The jets reconstructed with the procedure above are then corrected to final state particle jets. CMS uses a factorized multi-step approach to correct the jet energies [25]. For this analysis, jet energy corrections are derived from PYTHIA [26] simulations without PbPb underlying events. Jets reconstructed with the particle-flow algorithm using heavy-ion tracking [12] require different corrections than those derived with the tracking algorithm optimized for pp data, due to the difference of tracking efficiencies.

The pp sample is reconstructed with the same tracking, particle flow and jet algorithms as those used in the analysis of the PbPb data. Although the underlying event and pile-up in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$  TeV is small enough not to require a subtraction method, the jet algorithm works successfully in both types of environment.

### 2.3. Data samples and triggers

For online event selection, CMS uses a two-level trigger system: a hardware-based level-1 trigger and a software-based high level trigger (HLT). The events used in this analysis are selected by an inclusive single-jet trigger that required a calorimeter based jet reconstructed in HLT with  $p_T > 80$  GeV/ $c$ , where the jet  $p_T$  value is corrected for the  $p_T$ -dependent calorimeter energy response. The trigger efficiency is defined as the fraction of triggered events out of a sample of minimum bias events (described below) in bins of offline reconstructed leading-jet  $p_T$ . The trigger becomes fully efficient for collisions with a leading particle-flow jet with corrected  $p_T$  greater than 100 GeV/ $c$ .

In addition to the jet data sample, a minimum bias event sample was collected using coincidences between the trigger signals from both the  $+z$  and  $-z$  sides of either the BSC or the HF, which was pre-scaled to record only about 0.1–0.2% of the collisions delivered by the LHC. In order to suppress non-collision-related noise, cosmic-ray muons, out-of-time triggers, and beam backgrounds, the minimum bias and jet triggers used in this analysis were required to arrive in time with the presence of both colliding ion bunches in the interaction region. The events selected by the jet trigger described above also satisfy all triggers and selections imposed for minimum bias events.

### 2.4. Event selection and centrality determination

A sample of inelastic hadronic collisions is selected offline from the triggered events. Contamination from beam-halo events is removed based upon the timing of the  $+z$  and  $-z$  BSC signals. A requirement of a reconstructed primary collision vertex based on at least two tracks with transverse momenta above 75 MeV/ $c$  is imposed. This requirement removes other beam related background events (e.g., beam-gas, ultraperipheral collisions) with large HF energy deposits but very few pixel detector hits. The vertex is required to be compatible with the length of the pixel clusters reconstructed in the event, as a standard method in CMS [27]. Finally, an offline HF coincidence is applied, which requires at least three towers on each side of the interaction point in the HF with at least 3 GeV total deposited energy per tower. This event selection, including the minimum bias trigger, has an efficiency of 97% with an uncertainty of 3% for hadronic inelastic PbPb collisions. This efficiency is taken into account in the centrality determination, and the uncertainty of the efficiency has a negligible effect on the results of this study.

Table 1 shows the number of events remaining after the various selection criteria are applied. Events with a jet trigger of  $p_T > 80$  GeV/ $c$  are selected, followed by the offline event selection for inelastic hadronic collisions (described above). Prior to jet finding on the selected events, a small contamination of noise events from the electromagnetic calorimeter and hadron calorimeter is removed using signal timing, energy distribution, and pulse-shape information [28,29]. The leading and subleading jets are determined among the jets with pseudorapidity  $|\eta| < 2$ , which are reconstructed as described in Section 2.2. Events are then selected if the corrected jet  $p_T$  is larger than 120 GeV/ $c$  (corrected for the  $p_T$ - and  $\eta$ -dependent detector energy response). The subleading jet in the event is required to have a corrected jet  $p_T > 30$  GeV/ $c$ . The azimuthal angle between the leading and the subleading jets is required to be at least  $2\pi/3$ . Further jets found in the event, beyond the leading and the subleading ones, are not considered in this analysis. In order to remove events with residual HCAL noise that are missed by the noise-rejection algorithms, either the leading or subleading jet is required to have at least one track of  $p_T > 4$  GeV/ $c$ . For high- $p_T$  jet events this selection does not intro-

**Table 1**

The effects of various selections applied to the data sample. In the third column, the fractional values are with respect to the line above and in the fourth column they are with respect to the triggered sample. The selections are applied in sequence.

Selections	Events remaining	% of previous	% of triggered
Jet triggered events ( $p_T^{\text{corr}} > 80$ GeV/c)	369 938	100.00	100.00
Offline collision selection	310 792	84.01	84.01
HCAL and ECAL noise rejection	308 453	99.25	83.38
Leading jet $p_{T,1} > 120$ GeV/c	55 911	18.13	15.11
Subleading jet $p_{T,2} > 30$ GeV/c	52 694	94.25	14.24
$\Delta\phi_{1,2} > 2\pi/3$	49 993	94.87	13.51
Track within a jet	49 054	98.12	13.26

duce any significant bias on the sample and removes only 2% of the selected dijet events.

The centrality of the collisions is represented by the number of participating nucleons ( $N_{\text{part}}$ ) in a collision, which is correlated with the total transverse energy measured in HF. The minimum bias event sample is divided into constant fractions of total inelastic cross section and for each fraction the average value of  $N_{\text{part}}$  is determined using a Glauber calculation [30]. The dispersion of the  $N_{\text{part}}$  values due to reconstruction effects is based on GEANT4 simulations of events generated with a multi-phase transport AMPT simulation [31].

### 2.5. Simulated data samples

In PbPb collisions there is a high multiplicity of soft particles produced, the PbPb underlying event. It is essential to understand how the jet reconstruction is modified in PbPb collisions at different centralities. This is studied with simulations of dijet events in pp collisions with the PYTHIA event generator (version 6.423, tune Z2) [26], modified for the isospin content of the colliding nuclei. A minimum hard-interaction scale ( $\hat{p}_T$ ) selection of 80 GeV/c is used to increase the number of dijet events produced in the momentum range studied. PYTHIA simulations at lower  $\hat{p}_T$  (discussed in [32]) are also investigated and found to agree with the  $\hat{p}_T > 80$  GeV/c results within the uncertainties. To model the PbPb background, minimum bias PbPb events are simulated with the HYDJET event generator [33], version 1.8 (denoted PYTHIA+HYDJET in this Letter). The parameters of HYDJET are tuned to reproduce the total particle multiplicities, charged hadron spectra, and elliptic flow at all centralities, and to approximate the underlying event fluctuations seen in data, differences being within the underlying event systematic uncertainty.

The full detector simulation and analysis chain is used to process both PYTHIA dijet events and PYTHIA dijet events embedded into HYDJET events. The reconstruction of particle flow jets is studied by using the PYTHIA generator jet information in comparison to the same fully reconstructed jet in PYTHIA+HYDJET, matched in momentum space. The effects of the PbPb underlying event on jet  $p_T$  and position resolution, jet  $p_T$  scale, and jet-finding efficiency are determined as a function of collision centrality and jet  $p_T$ . These effects do not require corrections on the results but contribute to the systematic uncertainties.

## 3. Results

The goal of this analysis is to characterize possible modifications of dijet event properties as a function of centrality and leading jet transverse momentum in PbPb collisions. The analysis is performed in six bins of collision centrality: 0–10%, 10–20%, 20–30%, 30–50%, 50–70%, and 70–100%, the latter being the most peripheral bin. The 0–20% most central events are further analyzed in bins of leading jet  $p_T$ : 120–150, 150–180, 180–220, 220–260, 260–300, 300–500 GeV/c. Throughout the Letter, the results ob-

tained from PbPb data are compared to references based on the PYTHIA+HYDJET samples described in Section 2.5. The subscripts 1 and 2 in the kinematical quantities always refer to the leading and subleading jets, respectively.

### 3.1. Dijet azimuthal correlations

Earlier studies of the dijet events in heavy-ion collisions [9,10] have shown persistence in dijet azimuthal correlations despite the asymmetry in dijet momenta. This aspect is crucial in the interpretation of energy loss observations [34]. To understand the momentum dependence of the quenching effects, this study investigates the angular correlation, i.e., the opening azimuthal angle,  $\Delta\phi_{1,2}$ , between the leading and subleading jets of the events, in bins of leading jet  $p_{T,1}$ .

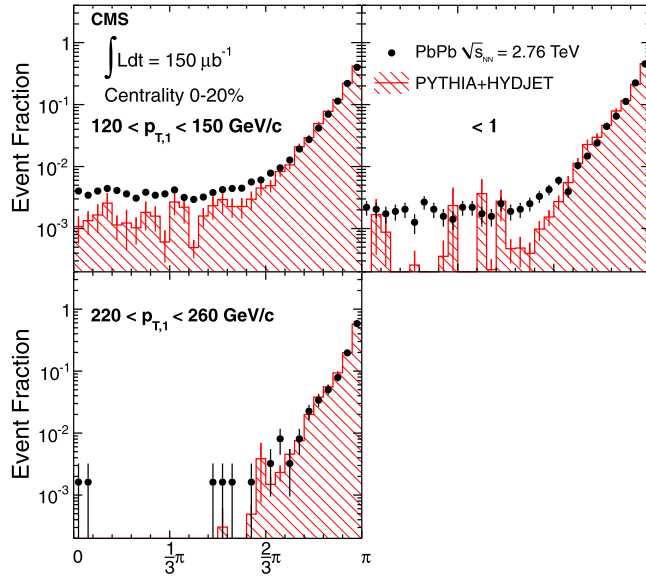
For events with 0–20% centrality, two features are visible in the  $\Delta\phi_{1,2}$  distributions shown in Fig. 1: a peaking structure at  $\Delta\phi_{1,2} = \pi$ , and a constant offset from zero in the overall distribution. The distribution around the  $\Delta\phi_{1,2} = \pi$  peak reflects the back-to-back dijet production and although this distribution changes across the various leading-jet  $p_T$  bins, there is no significant difference between PbPb data and the PYTHIA+HYDJET sample. This observation confirms the conclusions of earlier studies [9,10], extending the analysis to differential leading-jet  $p_T$  bins. The event fraction that extends to small  $\Delta\phi_{1,2}$  values is likely due to the matching of the leading jet with a random underlying event fluctuation instead of the true subleading jet partner. The difference in the rate of such events between the PbPb data and the PYTHIA+HYDJET sample is compatible with the effect of quenching, which makes it easier for a background fluctuation to supersede a genuine low  $p_T$  jet. The fraction of these background events strongly depends on the centrality and leading jet  $p_T$ . For the purposes of the study presented in this Letter, the contribution of these background events to the results is subtracted by using the events at small  $\Delta\phi_{1,2}$ .

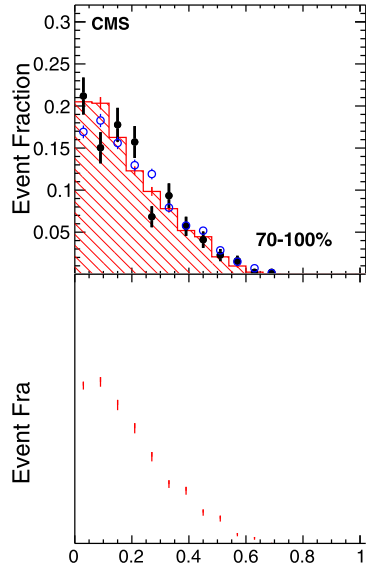
### 3.2. Dijet momentum balance

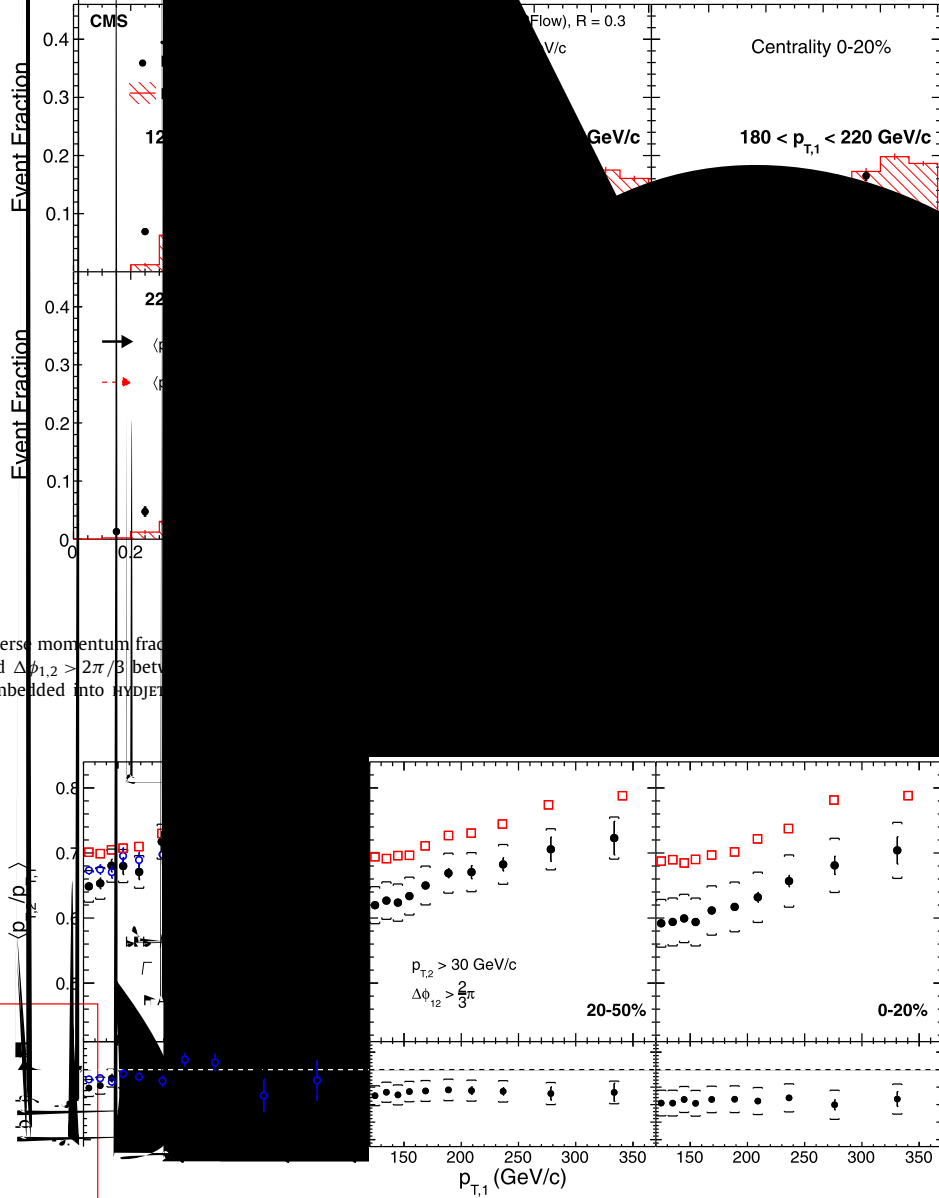
To characterize the dijet momentum balance (or imbalance) quantitatively, we use the asymmetry ratio

$$A_J = \frac{p_{T,1} - p_{T,2}}{p_{T,1} + p_{T,2}}. \quad (1)$$

Dijets arjatibl small







**Fig. 5.** Subleading jet transverse momentum fraction of jets of  $p_{T,2} > 30$  GeV/c and  $\Delta\phi_{1,2} > 2\pi/3$  between jets of  $p_{T,1} > 180$  GeV/c and  $p_{T,2} < 220$  GeV/c. Results for PYTHIA dijets embedded into HYDJET event samples. The shaded regions indicate the statistical and systematic uncertainties.

**Fig. 6.** Average dijet momentum ratio  $p_{T,2}/p_{T,1}$  as a function of leading jet  $p_T$  for three bins of collision centrality, from peripheral to central collisions, corresponding to selections of 50–100%, 30–50% and 0–20% of the total inelastic cross section. Results for PbPb data are shown as points with vertical bars and brackets indicating the statistical and systematic uncertainties, respectively. Results for PYTHIA+HYDJET are shown as squares. In the 50–100% centrality bin, results are also compared with pp data, which is shown as the open circles. The difference between the PbPb measurement and the PYTHIA+HYDJET expectations is shown in the bottom panels.

sources: the uncertainty evaluated in the pp studies [25], the energy scale difference in pp data and MC, and the energy scale and its parton type dependence [22] in simulations of PbPb events (see Section 2.5). These contributions are added in quadrature to assign the total uncertainty on the jet energy scale. Using this value as a boundary, the uncertainty in the  $p_{T,2}/p_{T,1}$  results is then estimated by varying the jet response at low  $p_T$  and at high  $p_T$  independently. The uncertainty on the underlying event effects is estimated from the full difference between pp and PYTHIA+HYDJET. These effects add up to 6% in the most central events. For the low leading-jet  $p_T$  bins, jet reconstruction efficiency also introduces a minor uncertainty on the order of 1%. Uncertainties due to additional misreconstructed jets, calorimeter noise, and the track requirement are negligible compared to the dominating sources of uncertainty. For the centrality bins of 50–100%, 20–50% and 0–20%, the sources of systematic uncertainty are summarized in Table 2.

**Table 2**

Summary of the  $p_{T,2}/p_{T,1}$  systematic uncertainties. The range of values represent the variation from low ( $p_{T,1} < 140$  GeV/c) to high ( $p_{T,1} > 300$  GeV/c) leading jet  $p_T$ .

Source	50–100%	20–50%	0–20%
Underlying event	1%	3%	5%
Jet energy scale	3%	3%	3%
Jet efficiency	1–0.1%	1–0.1%	1–0.1%
Jet misidentification	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	1–0.1%
Calorimeter noise	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%
Jet identification	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%
Total	3.5%	4.5%	6%

As shown in Fig. 6, both the PbPb data and the PYTHIA+HYDJET samples reveal an increasing trend for the mean value of the jet transverse momentum ratio, as a function of the leading jet  $p_{T,1}$ .

This can be understood by the reduction in the effects of jet splitting and energy resolution as one goes to higher jet momenta. However, the central PbPb data points lie consistently below the PYTHIA+HYDJET trend. The difference between the pp data and the PYTHIA+HYDJET reference is of the order of the systematic uncertainty of the measurement, whereas the difference between PbPb data and the reference is more than twice larger. This difference is related to the parton energy loss and for central PbPb collisions it is of significant magnitude across the whole  $p_T$  range explored in this study.

#### 4. Summary

Dijet production in PbPb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV was studied with the CMS detector in a data sample corresponding to an integrated luminosity of  $150 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$ . The anti- $k_T$  algorithm was used to reconstruct jets based on combined tracker and calorimeter information. Events containing a leading jet with  $p_{T,1} > 120$  GeV/c and a subleading jet with  $p_{T,2} > 30$  GeV/c in the pseudorapidity range  $|\eta| < 2$  were analyzed. Data were compared to PYTHIA+HYDJET dijet simulations, tuned to reproduce the observed underlying event fluctuations. For the most peripheral collisions, good agreement between data and simulations is observed. For more central collisions, the dijet momentum imbalance in the data is significantly larger than seen in the simulation. Across the entire range of jet momenta studied, no significant broadening of the dijet angular correlations is observed with respect to the reference distributions.

The dijet momentum imbalance was studied as a function of the leading jet  $p_{T,1}$  for different centrality ranges in comparison to the PYTHIA+HYDJET simulation. For leading jet momenta  $p_{T,1} > 180$  GeV/c the dijet balance distributions are found to be essentially unbiased by the subleading jet threshold of  $p_{T,2} > 30$  GeV/c. For mid-central (30–50%) and more central PbPb event selections, a significantly lower average dijet momentum ratio  $\langle p_{T,2}/p_{T,1} \rangle$  is observed than in the pp data and in the dijet embedded simulations. The downward shift in  $\langle p_{T,2}/p_{T,1} \rangle$ , with respect to the PYTHIA+HYDJET reference, is seen to increase monotonically with increasing collision centrality, and to be largely independent of the leading jet  $p_{T,1}$ , up to  $p_{T,1}$  values in excess of 350 GeV/c.

In summary, the results presented in this Letter confirm previous observations based on a smaller dataset and extend the measurements of jet-quenching effects to wider centrality and leading jet transverse momentum ranges, as well as to lower subleading jet transverse momentum.

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## CMS Collaboration

S. Chatrchyan, V. Khachatryan, A.M. Sirunyan, A. Tumasyan

*Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia*

W. Adam, T. Bergauer, M. Dragicevic, J. Erö, C. Fabjan, M. Friedl, R. Frühwirth, V.M. Ghete, J. Hammer<sup>1</sup>, N. Hörmann, J. Hrubec, M. Jeitler, W. Kiesenhofer, M. Krammer, D. Liko, I. Mikulec, M. Pernicka<sup>†</sup>, B. Rahbaran, C. Rohringer, H. Rohringer, R. Schöfbeck, J. Strauss, A. Taurok, F. Teischinger, P. Wagner, W. Waltenberger, G. Walzel, E. Widl, C.-E. Wulz

*Institut für Hochenergiephysik der OeAW, Wien, Austria*

V. Mossolov, N. Shumeiko, J. Suarez Gonzalez

*National Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Belarus*

S. Bansal, T. Cornelis, E.A. De Wolf, X. Janssen, S. Luyckx, T. Maes, L. Mucibello, S. Ochesanu, B. Roland, R. Rougny, M. Selvaggi, H. Van Haevermaet, P. Van Mechelen, N. Van Remortel, A. Van Spilbeek

*Universiteit Antwerpen, Antwerpen, Belgium*

F. Blekman, S. Blyweert, J. D'Hondt, R. Gonzalez Suarez, A. Kalogeropoulos, M. Maes, A. Olbrechts, W. Van Doninck, P. Van Mulders, G.P. Van Onsem, I. Villella

*Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Brussel, Belgium*

O. Charaf, B. Clerbaux, G. De Lentdecker, V. Dero, A.P.R. Gay, T. Hreus, A. Léonard, P.E. Marage, L. Thomas, C. Vander Velde, P. Vanlaer

*Université Libre de Bruxelles, Bruxelles, Belgium*

V. Adler, K. Beernaert, A. Cimmino, S. Costantini, G. Garcia, M. Grunewald, B. Klein, J. Lellouch, A. Marinov, J. Mccartin, A.A. Ocampo Rios, D. Ryckbosch, N. Strobbe, F. Thyssen, M. Tytgat, L. Vanelderen, P. Verwilligen, S. Walsh, E. Yazgan, N. Zaganidis

*Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium*



S. Basegmez, G. Bruno, L. Ceard, C. Delaere, T. du Pree, D. Favart, L. Forthomme, A. Giammanco<sup>2</sup>, J. Hollar, V. Lemaître, J. Liao, O. Militaru, C. Nuttens, D. Pagano, A. Pin, K. Piotrkowski, N. Schul

*Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium*

N. Belyi, T. Caebergs, E. Daubie, G.H. Hammad

*Université de Mons, Mons, Belgium*

G.A. Alves, M. Correa Martins Junior, D. De Jesus Damiao, T. Martins, M.E. Pol, M.H.G. Souza

*Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Fisicas, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil*

W.L. Aldá Júnior, W. Carvalho, A. Custódio, E.M. Da Costa, C. De Oliveira Martins, S. Fonseca De Souza, D. Matos Figueiredo, L. Mundim, H. Nogima, V. Oguri, W.L. Prado Da Silva, A. Santoro, S.M. Silva Do Amaral, L. Soares Jorge, A. Sznajder

*Universidade do Estado do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil*

T.S. Anjos<sup>3</sup>, C.A. Bernardes<sup>3</sup>, F.A. Dias<sup>4</sup>, T.R. Fernandez Perez Tomei, E.M. Gregores<sup>3</sup>, C. Lagana, F. Marinho, P.G. Mercadante<sup>3</sup>, S.F. Novaes, Sandra S. Padula

*Instituto de Fisica Teorica, Universidade Estadual Paulista, Sao Paulo, Brazil*

V. Genchev<sup>1</sup>, P. Iaydjiev<sup>1</sup>, S. Piperov, M. Rodozov, S. Stoykova, G. Sultanov, V. Tcholakov, R. Trayanov, M. Vutova

*Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy, Sofia, Bulgaria*

A. Dimitrov, R. Hadjiiska, A. Karadzhinova, V. Kozhuharov, L. Litov, B. Pavlov, P. Petkov

*University of Sofia, Sofia, Bulgaria*

J.G. Bian, G.M. Chen, H.S. Chen, C.H. Jiang, D. Liang, S. Liang, X. Meng, J. Tao, J. Wang, J. Wang, X. Wang, Z. Wang, H. Xiao, M. Xu, J. Zang, Z. Zhang

*Institute of High Energy Physics, Beijing, China*

C. Asawatangtrakuldee, Y. Ban, S. Guo, Y. Guo, W. Li, S. Liu, Y. Mao, S.J. Qian, H. Teng, S. Wang, B. Zhu, W. Zou

*State Key Lab. of Nucl. Phys. and Tech., Peking University, Beijing, China*

C. Avila, B. Gomez Moreno, A.F. Osorio Oliveros, J.C. Sanabria

*Universidad de Los Andes, Bogota, Colombia*

N. Godinovic, D. Lelas, R. Plestina<sup>5</sup>, D. Polic, I. Puljak<sup>1</sup>

*Technical University of Split, Split, Croatia*

Z. Antunovic, M. Dzelalija, M. Kovac

*University of Split, Split, Croatia*

V. Brigljevic, S. Duric, K. Kadija, J. Luetic, S. Morovic

*Institute Rudjer Boskovic, Zagreb, Croatia*

A. Attikis, M. Galanti, G. Mavromanolakis, J. Mousa, C. Nicolaou, F. Ptochos, P.A. Razis

*University of Cyprus, Nicosia, Cyprus*

M. Finger, M. Finger Jr.

*Charles University, Prague, Czech Republic*

Y. Assran<sup>6</sup>, S. Elgammal, A. Ellithi Kamel<sup>7</sup>, S. Khalil<sup>8</sup>, M.A. Mahmoud<sup>9</sup>, A. Radi<sup>8,10</sup>

*Academy of Scientific Research and Technology of the Arab Republic of Egypt, Egyptian Network of High Energy Physics, Cairo, Egypt*

M. Kadastik, M. Müntel, M. Raidal, L. Rebane, A. Tiko

*National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia*

V. Azzolini, P. Eerola, G. Fedi, M. Voutilainen

*Department of Physics, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, Finland*

S. Czellar, J. Härkönen, A. Heikkinen, V. Karimäki, R. Kinnunen, M.J. Kortelainen, T. Lampén, K. Lassila-Perini, S. Lehti, T. Lindén, P. Luukka, T. Mäenpää, T. Peltola, E. Tuominen, J. Tuominiemi, E. Tuovinen, D. Ungaro, L. Wendland

*Helsinki Institute of Physics, Helsinki, Finland*

K. Banzuzi, A. Korpela, T. Tuuva

*Lappeenranta University of Technology, Lappeenranta, Finland*

D. Sillou

*Laboratoire d'Annecy-le-Vieux de Physique des Particules, IN2P3-CNRS, Annecy-le-Vieux, France*

M. Besancon, S. Choudhury, M. Dejardin, D. Denegri, B. Fabbro, J.L. Faure, F. Ferri, S. Ganjour, A. Givernaud, P. Gras, G. Hamel de Monchenault, P. Jarry, E. Locci, J. Malcles, L. Millischer, J. Rander, A. Rosowsky, I. Shreyber, M. Titov

*DSM/IRFU, CEA/Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France*

S. Baffioni, F. Beaudette, L. Benhabib, L. Bianchini, M. Bluj<sup>11</sup>, C. Broutin, P. Busson, C. Charlot, N. Daci, T. Dahms, L. Dobrzynski, R. Granier de Cassagnac, M. Haguenaue, P. Miné, C. Mironov, C. Ochando, P. Paganini, D. Sabes, R. Salerno, Y. Sirois, C. Veelken, A. Zabi

*Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France*

J.-L. Agram<sup>12</sup>, J. Andrea, D. Bloch, D. Bodin, J.-M. Brom, M. Cardaci, E.C. Chabert, C. Collard, E. Conte<sup>12</sup>, F. Drouhin<sup>12</sup>, C. Ferro, J.-C. Fontaine<sup>12</sup>, D. Gelé, U. Goerlach, P. Juillot, M. Karim<sup>12</sup>, A.-C. Le Bihan, P. Van Hove

*Institut Pluridisciplinaire Hubert Curien, Université de Strasbourg, Université de Haute Alsace Mulhouse, CNRS/IN2P3, Strasbourg, France*

F. Fassi, D. Mercier

*Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France*

C. Baty, S. Beauceron, N. Beaupere, M. Bedjidian, O. Bondu, G. Boudoul, D. Boumediene, H. Brun, J. Chasserat, R. Chierici<sup>1</sup>, D. Contardo, P. Depasse, H. El Mamouni, A. Falkiewicz, J. Fay, S. Gascon, M. Gouzevitch, B. Ille, T. Kurca, T. Le Grand, M. Lethuillier, L. Mirabito, S. Perries, V. Sordini, S. Tosi, Y. Tschudi, P. Verdier, S. Viret

*Université de Lyon, Université Claude Bernard Lyon 1, CNRS-IN2P3, Institut de Physique Nucléaire de Lyon, Villeurbanne, France*

Z. Tsamalaidze<sup>13</sup>

*Institute of High Energy Physics and Informatization, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia*

G. Anagnostou, S. Beranek, M. Edelhoff, L. Feld, N. Heracleous, O. Hindrichs, R. Jussen, K. Klein, J. Merz, A. Ostapchuk, A. Perieanu, F. Raupach, J. Sammet, S. Schael, D. Sprenger, H. Weber, B. Wittmer, V. Zhukov<sup>14</sup>

*RWTH Aachen University, I. Physikalisches Institut, Aachen, Germany*

M. Ata, J. Caudron, E. Dietz-Laursonn, M. Erdmann, A. Güth, T. Hebbeker, C. Heidemann, K. Hoepfner, T. Klimovich, D. Klingebiel, P. Kreuzer, D. Lanske<sup>†</sup>, J. Lingemann, C. Magass, M. Merschmeyer, A. Meyer, M. Olschewski, P. Papacz, H. Pieta, H. Reithler, S.A. Schmitz, L. Sonnenschein, J. Steggemann, D. Teyssier, M. Weber

*RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut A, Aachen, Germany*

M. Bontenackels, V. Cherepanov, M. Davids, G. Flügge, H. Geenen, M. Geisler, W. Haj Ahmad, F. Hoehle, B. Kargoll, T. Kress, Y. Kuessel, A. Linn, A. Nowack, L. Perchalla, O. Pooth, J. Rennefeld, P. Sauerland, A. Stahl

*RWTH Aachen University, III. Physikalisches Institut B, Aachen, Germany*

M. Aldaya Martin, J. Behr, W. Behrenhoff, U. Behrens, M. Bergholz<sup>15</sup>, A. Bethani, K. Borras, A. Burgmeier, A. Cakir, L. Calligaris, A. Campbell, E. Castro, F. Costanza, D. Dammann, G. Eckerlin, D. Eckstein, G. Flucke, A. Geiser, I. Glushkov, S. Habib, J. Hauk, H. Jung<sup>1</sup>, M. Kasemann, P. Katsas, C. Kleinwort, H. Kluge, A. Knutsson, M. Krämer, D. Krücker, E. Kuznetsova, W. Lange, W. Lohmann<sup>15</sup>, B. Lutz, R. Mankel, I. Marfin, M. Marienfeld, I.-A. Melzer-Pellmann, A.B. Meyer, J. Mnich, A. Mussgiller, S. Naumann-Emme, J. Olzem, H. Perrey, A. Petrukhin, D. Pitzl, A. Raspereza, P.M. Ribeiro Cipriano, C. Riedl, M. Rosin, J. Salfeld-Nebgen, R. Schmidt<sup>15</sup>, T. Schoerner-Sadenius, N. Sen, A. Spiridonov, M. Stein, R. Walsh, C. Wissing

*Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron, Hamburg, Germany*

C. Autermann, V. Blobel, S. Bobrovskiy, J. Draeger, H. Enderle, J. Erfle, U. Gebbert, M. Görner, T. Hermanns, R.S. Höing, K. Kaschube, G. Kaussen, H. Kirschenmann, R. Klanner, J. Lange, B. Mura, F. Nowak, N. Pietsch, D. Rathjens, C. Sander, H. Schettler, P. Schleper, E. Schlieckau, A. Schmidt, M. Schröder, T. Schum, M. Seidel, H. Stadie, G. Steinbrück, J. Thomsen

*University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany*

C. Barth, J. Berger, T. Chwalek, W. De Boer, A. Dierlamm, M. Feindt, M. Guthoff<sup>1</sup>, C. Hackstein, F. Hartmann, M. Heinrich, H. Held, K.H. Hoffmann, S. Honc, U. Husemann, I. Katkov<sup>14</sup>, J.R. Komaragiri, D. Martschei, S. Mueller, Th. Müller, M. Niegel, A. Nürnberg, O. Oberst, A. Oehler, J. Ott, T. Peiffer, G. Quast, K. Rabbertz, F. Ratnikov, N. Ratnikova, S. Röcker, C. Saout, A. Scheurer, F.-P. Schilling, M. Schmanau, G. Schott, H.J. Simonis, F.M. Stober, D. Troendle, R. Ulrich, J. Wagner-Kuhr, T. Weiler, M. Zeise, E.B. Ziebarth

*Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik, Karlsruhe, Germany*

G. Daskalakis, T. Geralis, S. Kesisoglou, A. Kyriakis, D. Loukas, I. Manolakos, A. Markou, C. Markou, C. Mavrommatis, E. Ntomari

*Institute of Nuclear Physics "Demokritos", Aghia Paraskevi, Greece*

L. Gouskos, T.J. Mertzimekis, A. Panagiotou, N. Saoulidou

*University of Athens, Athens, Greece*

I. Evangelou, C. Foudas<sup>1</sup>, P. Kokkas, N. Manthos, I. Papadopoulos, V. Patras

*University of Ioánnina, Ioánnina, Greece*

A. Aranyi, G. Bencze, L. Boldizsar, C. Hajdu<sup>1</sup>, P. Hidas, D. Horvath<sup>16</sup>, A. Kapusi, K. Krajczar<sup>17</sup>, B. Radics, F. Sikler<sup>1</sup>, V. Veszpremi, G. Vesztergombi<sup>17</sup>

*KFKI Research Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Budapest, Hungary*

N. Beni, J. Molnar, J. Palinkas, Z. Szillasi

*Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary*

J. Karacsi, P. Raics, Z.L. Trocsanyi, B. Ujvari

*University of Debrecen, Debrecen, Hungary*

S.B. Beri, V. Bhatnagar, N. Dhingra, R. Gupta, M. Jindal, M. Kaur, J.M. Kohli, M.Z. Mehta, N. Nishu, L.K. Saini, A. Sharma, A.P. Singh, J. Singh, S.P. Singh

*Panjab University, Chandigarh, India*

S. Ahuja, B.C. Choudhary, A. Kumar, A. Kumar, S. Malhotra, M. Naimuddin, K. Ranjan, V. Sharma, R.K. Shivpuri

*University of Delhi, Delhi, India*

S. Banerjee, S. Bhattacharya, S. Dutta, B. Gomber, S. Jain, S. Jain, R. Khurana, S. Sarkar

*Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, Kolkata, India*

A. Abdulsalam, R.K. Choudhury, D. Dutta, S. Kailas, V. Kumar, A.K. Mohanty<sup>1</sup>, L.M. Pant, P. Shukla

*Bhabha Atomic Research Centre, Mumbai, India*

T. Aziz, S. Ganguly, M. Guchait<sup>18</sup>, A. Gurtu<sup>19</sup>, M. Maity<sup>20</sup>, G. Majumder, K. Mazumdar, G.B. Mohanty, B. Parida, K. Sudhakar, N. Wickramage

*Tata Institute of Fundamental Research – EHEP, Mumbai, India*

S. Banerjee, S. Dugad

*Tata Institute of Fundamental Research – HECR, Mumbai, India*

H. Arfaei, H. Bakhshiansohi<sup>21</sup>, S.M. Etesami<sup>22</sup>, A. Fahim<sup>21</sup>, M. Hashemi, H. Hesari, A. Jafari<sup>21</sup>, M. Khakzad, A. Mohammadi<sup>23</sup>, M. Mohammadi Najafabadi, S. Paktinat Mehdiabadi, B. Safarzadeh<sup>24</sup>, M. Zeinali<sup>22</sup>

*Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM), Tehran, Iran*

M. Abbrescia<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Barbone<sup>a,b</sup>, C. Calabria<sup>a,b,1</sup>, S.S. Chhibra<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Colaleo<sup>a</sup>, D. Creanza<sup>a,c</sup>, N. De Filippis<sup>a,c,1</sup>, M. De Palma<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Fiore<sup>a</sup>, G. Iaselli<sup>a,c</sup>, L. Lusito<sup>a,b</sup>, G. Maggi<sup>a,c</sup>, M. Maggi<sup>a</sup>, B. Marangelli<sup>a,b</sup>, S. My<sup>a,c</sup>, S. Nuzzo<sup>a,b</sup>, N. Pacifico<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Pompili<sup>a,b</sup>, G. Pugliese<sup>a,c</sup>, G. Selvaggi<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Silvestris<sup>a</sup>, G. Singh<sup>a,b</sup>, G. Zito<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> INFN Sezione di Bari, Bari, Italy

<sup>b</sup> Università di Bari, Bari, Italy

<sup>c</sup> Politecnico di Bari, Bari, Italy

G. Abbiendi<sup>a</sup>, A.C. Benvenuti<sup>a</sup>, D. Bonacorsi<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Braibant-Giacomelli<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Brigliadori<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Capiluppi<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Castro<sup>a,b</sup>, F.R. Cavallo<sup>a</sup>, M. Cuffiani<sup>a,b</sup>, G.M. Dallavalle<sup>a</sup>, F. Fabbri<sup>a</sup>, A. Fanfani<sup>a,b</sup>, D. Fasanella<sup>a,b,1</sup>, P. Giacomelli<sup>a</sup>, L. Guiducci, S. Marcellini<sup>a</sup>, G. Masetti<sup>a</sup>, M. Meneghelli<sup>a,b,1</sup>, A. Montanari<sup>a</sup>, F.L. Navarria<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Odorici<sup>a</sup>, A. Perrotta<sup>a</sup>, F. Primavera<sup>a,b</sup>, A.M. Rossi<sup>a,b</sup>, T. Rovelli<sup>a,b</sup>, G. Siroli<sup>a,b</sup>, R. Travaglini<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> INFN Sezione di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

<sup>b</sup> Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

S. Albergo<sup>a,b</sup>, G. Cappello<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Chiorboli<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Costa<sup>a,b</sup>, R. Potenza<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Tricomi<sup>a,b</sup>, C. Tuve<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> INFN Sezione di Catania, Catania, Italy

<sup>b</sup> Università di Catania, Catania, Italy

G. Barbagli<sup>a</sup>, V. Ciulli<sup>a,b</sup>, C. Civinini<sup>a</sup>, R. D'Alessandro<sup>a,b</sup>, E. Focardi<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Frosali<sup>a,b</sup>, E. Gallo<sup>a</sup>, S. Gonzi<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Meschini<sup>a</sup>, S. Paoletti<sup>a</sup>, G. Sguazzoni<sup>a</sup>, A. Tropiano<sup>a,1</sup>

<sup>a</sup> INFN Sezione di Firenze, Firenze, Italy

<sup>b</sup> Università di Firenze, Firenze, Italy

L. Benussi, S. Bianco, S. Colafranceschi<sup>25</sup>, F. Fabbri, D. Piccolo

*INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy*

P. Fabbriatore, R. Musenich

*INFN Sezione di Genova, Genova, Italy*

A. Benaglia<sup>a,b,1</sup>, F. De Guio<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Di Matteo<sup>a,b,1</sup>, S. Fiorendi<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Gennai<sup>a,1</sup>, A. Ghezzi<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Malvezzi<sup>a</sup>, R.A. Manzoni<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Martelli<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Massironi<sup>a,b,1</sup>, D. Menasce<sup>a</sup>, L. Moroni<sup>a</sup>, M. Paganoni<sup>a,b</sup>, D. Pedrini<sup>a</sup>, S. Ragazzi<sup>a,b</sup>, N. Redaelli<sup>a</sup>, S. Sala<sup>a</sup>, T. Tabarelli de Fatis<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Milano-Bicocca, Milano, Italy*

S. Buontempo<sup>a</sup>, C.A. Carrillo Montoya<sup>a,1</sup>, N. Cavallo<sup>a,26</sup>, A. De Cosa<sup>a,b</sup>, O. Dogangun<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Fabozzi<sup>a,26</sup>, A.O.M. Iorio<sup>a,1</sup>, L. Lista<sup>a</sup>, S. Meola<sup>a,27</sup>, M. Merola<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Paolucci<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Napoli, Napoli, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Napoli "Federico II", Napoli, Italy*

P. Azzi<sup>a</sup>, N. Bacchetta<sup>a,1</sup>, P. Bellan<sup>a,b</sup>, D. Bisello<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Branca<sup>a,1</sup>, R. Carlin<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Checchia<sup>a</sup>, T. Dorigo<sup>a</sup>, U. Dosselli<sup>a</sup>, F. Gasparini<sup>a,b</sup>, U. Gasparini<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Gozzelino<sup>a</sup>, K. Kanishchev, S. Lacaprara<sup>a,28</sup>, I. Lazzizzera<sup>a,c</sup>, M. Margoni<sup>a,b</sup>, A.T. Meneguzzo<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Nespolo<sup>a,1</sup>, L. Perrozzi<sup>a</sup>, P. Ronchese<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Simonetto<sup>a,b</sup>, E. Torassa<sup>a</sup>, S. Vanini<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Zotto<sup>a,b</sup>, G. Zumerle<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Padova, Padova, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Padova, Padova, Italy*

<sup>c</sup> *Università di Trento (Trento), Padova, Italy*

M. Gabusi<sup>a,b</sup>, S.P. Ratti<sup>a,b</sup>, C. Riccardi<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Torre<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Vitulo<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Pavia, Pavia, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy*

G.M. Bilei<sup>a</sup>, B. Caponeri<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Fanò<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Lariccia<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Lucaroni<sup>a,b,1</sup>, G. Mantovani<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Menichelli<sup>a</sup>, A. Nappi<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Romeo<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Saha, A. Santocchia<sup>a,b</sup>, S. Taroni<sup>a,b,1</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Perugia, Perugia, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy*

P. Azzurri<sup>a,c</sup>, G. Bagliesi<sup>a</sup>, T. Boccali<sup>a</sup>, G. Broccolo<sup>a,c</sup>, R. Castaldi<sup>a</sup>, R.T. D'Agnolo<sup>a,c</sup>, R. Dell'Orso<sup>a</sup>, F. Fiori<sup>a,b</sup>, L. Foà<sup>a,c</sup>, A. Giassi<sup>a</sup>, A. Kraan<sup>a</sup>, F. Ligabue<sup>a,c</sup>, T. Lomtadze<sup>a</sup>, L. Martini<sup>a,29</sup>, A. Messineo<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Palla<sup>a</sup>, F. Palmonari<sup>a</sup>, A. Rizzi, A.T. Serban<sup>a</sup>, P. Spagnolo<sup>a</sup>, R. Tenchini<sup>a</sup>, G. Tonelli<sup>a,b,1</sup>, A. Venturi<sup>a,1</sup>, P.G. Verdini<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Pisa, Pisa, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy*

<sup>c</sup> *Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa, Pisa, Italy*

L. Barone<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Cavallari<sup>a</sup>, D. Del Re<sup>a,b,1</sup>, M. Diemoz<sup>a</sup>, C. Fanelli, M. Grassi<sup>a,1</sup>, E. Longo<sup>a,b</sup>, P. Meridiani<sup>a,1</sup>, F. Micheli, S. Nourbakhsh<sup>a</sup>, G. Organtini<sup>a,b</sup>, F. Pandolfi<sup>a,b</sup>, R. Paramatti<sup>a</sup>, S. Rahatlou<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Sigamani<sup>a</sup>, L. Soffi

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Roma, Roma, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Roma "La Sapienza", Roma, Italy*

N. Amapane<sup>a,b</sup>, R. Arcidiacono<sup>a,c</sup>, S. Argiro<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Arneodo<sup>a,c</sup>, C. Biino<sup>a</sup>, C. Botta<sup>a,b</sup>, N. Cartiglia<sup>a</sup>, R. Castello<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Costa<sup>a,b</sup>, N. Demaria<sup>a</sup>, A. Graziano<sup>a,b</sup>, C. Mariotti<sup>a,1</sup>, S. Maselli<sup>a</sup>, E. Migliore<sup>a,b</sup>, V. Monaco<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Musich<sup>a,1</sup>, M.M. Obertino<sup>a,c</sup>, N. Pastrone<sup>a</sup>, M. Pelliccioni<sup>a</sup>, A. Potenza<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Romero<sup>a,b</sup>, M. Ruspa<sup>a,c</sup>, R. Sacchi<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Solano<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Staiano<sup>a</sup>, P.P. Trapani<sup>a,b</sup>, A. Vilela Pereira<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *INFN Sezione di Torino, Torino, Italy*

<sup>b</sup> *Università di Torino, Torino, Italy*

<sup>c</sup> *Università del Piemonte Orientale (Novara), Torino, Italy*

S. Belforte<sup>a</sup>, F. Cossutti<sup>a</sup>, G. Della Ricca<sup>a,b</sup>, B. Gobbo<sup>a</sup>, M. Marone<sup>a,b,1</sup>, D. Montanino<sup>a,b,1</sup>, A. Penzo<sup>a</sup>, A. Schizzi<sup>a,b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> INFN Sezione di Trieste, Trieste, Italy

<sup>b</sup> Università di Trieste, Trieste, Italy

S.G. Heo, T.Y. Kim, S.K. Nam

Kangwon National University, Chunchon, Republic of Korea

S. Chang, J. Chung, D.H. Kim, G.N. Kim, D.J. Kong, H. Park, S.R. Ro, D.C. Son

Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Republic of Korea

J.Y. Kim, Zero J. Kim, S. Song

Chonnam National University, Institute for Universe and Elementary Particles, Kwangju, Republic of Korea

H.Y. Jo

Konkuk University, Seoul, Republic of Korea

S. Choi, D. Gyun, B. Hong, M. Jo, H. Kim, T.J. Kim, K.S. Lee, D.H. Moon, S.K. Park, E. Seo

Korea University, Seoul, Republic of Korea

M. Choi, S. Kang, H. Kim, J.H. Kim, C. Park, I.C. Park, S. Park, G. Ryu

University of Seoul, Seoul, Republic of Korea

Y. Cho, Y. Choi, Y.K. Choi, J. Goh, M.S. Kim, B. Lee, J. Lee, S. Lee, H. Seo, I. Yu

Sungkyunkwan University, Suwon, Republic of Korea

M.J. Bilinskas, I. Grigelionis, M. Janulis, A. Juodagalvis

Vilnius University, Vilnius, Lithuania

H. Castilla-Valdez, E. De La Cruz-Burelo, I. Heredia-de La Cruz, R. Lopez-Fernandez, R. Magaña Villalba, J. Martínez-Ortega, A. Sánchez-Hernández, L.M. Villasenor-Cendejas

Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico City, Mexico

S. Carrillo Moreno, F. Vazquez Valencia

Universidad Iberoamericana, Mexico City, Mexico

H.A. Salazar Ibarquen

Benemerita Universidad Autonoma de Puebla, Puebla, Mexico

E. Casimiro Linares, A. Morelos Pineda, M.A. Reyes-Santos

Universidad Autónoma de San Luis Potosí, San Luis Potosí, Mexico

D. Krofcheck

University of Auckland, Auckland, New Zealand

A.J. Bell, P.H. Butler, R. Doesburg, S. Reucroft, H. Silverwood

University of Canterbury, Christchurch, New Zealand

M. Ahmad, M.I. Asghar, H.R. Hoorani, S. Khalid, W.A. Khan, T. Khurshid, S. Qazi, M.A. Shah, M. Shoaib

National Centre for Physics, Quaid-I-Azam University, Islamabad, Pakistan

G. Brona, M. Cwiok, W. Dominik, K. Doroba, A. Kalinowski, M. Konecki, J. Krolikowski

*Institute of Experimental Physics, Faculty of Physics, University of Warsaw, Warsaw, Poland*

H. Bialkowska, B. Boimska, T. Frueboes, R. Gokieli, M. Górski, M. Kazana, K. Nawrocki, K. Romanowska-Rybinska, M. Szleper, G. Wrochna, P. Zalewski

*Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland*

N. Almeida, P. Bargassa, A. David, P. Faccioli, P.G. Ferreira Parracho, M. Gallinaro, P. Musella, A. Nayak, J. Pela<sup>1</sup>, J. Seixas, J. Varela, P. Vischia

*Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas, Lisboa, Portugal*

I. Belotelov, P. Bunin, M. Gavrilenko, I. Golutvin, I. Gorbunov, A. Kamenev, V. Karjavin, G. Kozlov, A. Lanev, A. Malakhov, P. Moisezenz, V. Palichik, V. Perelygin, S. Shmatov, V. Smirnov, A. Volodko, A. Zarubin

*Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia*

S. Evstyukhin, V. Golovtsov, Y. Ivanov, V. Kim, P. Levchenko, V. Murzin, V. Oreshkin, I. Smirnov, V. Sulimov, L. Uvarov, S. Vavilov, A. Vorobyev, An. Vorobyev

*Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina (St Petersburg), Russia*

Yu. Andreev, A. Dermenev, S. Gninenko, N. Golubev, M. Kirsanov, N. Krasnikov, V. Matveev, A. Pashenkov, D. Tlisov, A. Toropin

*Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia*

V. Epshteyn, M. Erofeeva, V. Gavrilov, M. Kossov<sup>1</sup>, N. Lychkovskaya, V. Popov, G. Safronov, S. Semenov, V. Stolin, E. Vlasov, A. Zhokin

*Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia*

A. Belyaev, E. Boos, A. Ershov, A. Gribushin, V. Klyukhin, O. Kodolova, V. Korotkikh, I. Lokhtin, A. Markina, S. Obraztsov, M. Perfilov, S. Petrushanko, L. Sarycheva<sup>†</sup>, V. Savrin, A. Snigirev, I. Vardanyan

*Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia*

V. Andreev, M. Azarkin, I. Dremin, M. Kirakosyan, A. Leonidov, G. Mesyats, S.V. Rusakov, A. Vinogradov

*P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute, Moscow, Russia*

I. Azhgirey, I. Bayshev, S. Bitioukov, V. Grishin<sup>1</sup>, V. Kachanov, D. Konstantinov, A. Korablev, V. Krychkin, V. Petrov, R. Ryutin, A. Sobol, L. Tourtchanovitch, S. Troshin, N. Tyurin, A. Uzunian, A. Volkov

*State Research Center of Russian Federation, Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia*

P. Adzic<sup>30</sup>, M. Djordjevic, M. Ekmedzic, D. Krpic<sup>30</sup>, J. Milosevic

*University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia*

M. Aguilar-Benitez, J. Alcaraz Maestre, P. Arce, C. Battilana, E. Calvo, M. Cerrada, M. Chamizo Llatas, N. Colino, B. De La Cruz, A. Delgado Peris, C. Diez Pardos, D. Domínguez Vázquez, C. Fernandez Bedoya, J.P. Fernández Ramos, A. Ferrando, J. Flix, M.C. Fouz, P. Garcia-Abia, O. Gonzalez Lopez, S. Goy Lopez, J.M. Hernandez, M.I. Josa, G. Merino, J. Puerta Pelayo, I. Redondo, L. Romero, J. Santaolalla, M.S. Soares, C. Willmott

*Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas Medioambientales y Tecnológicas (CIEMAT), Madrid, Spain*

C. Albajar, G. Codispoti, J.F. de Trocóniz

*Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain*

J. Cuevas, J. Fernandez Menendez, S. Folgueras, I. Gonzalez Caballero, L. Lloret Iglesias,  
J. Piedra Gomez<sup>31</sup>, J.M. Vizan Garcia

*Universidad de Oviedo, Oviedo, Spain*

J.A. Brochero Cifuentes, I.J. Cabrillo, A. Calderon, S.H. Chuang, J. Duarte Campderros, M. Felcini<sup>32</sup>,  
M. Fernandez, G. Gomez, J. Gonzalez Sanchez, C. Jorda, P. Lobelle Pardo, A. Lopez Virto, J. Marco,  
R. Marco, C. Martinez Rivero, F. Matorras, F.J. Munoz Sanchez, T. Rodrigo, A.Y. Rodríguez-Marrero,  
A. Ruiz-Jimeno, L. Scodellaro, M. Sobron Sanudo, I. Vila, R. Vilar Cortabitarte

*Instituto de Física de Cantabria (IFCA), CSIC-Universidad de Cantabria, Santander, Spain*

D. Abbaneo, E. Auffray, G. Auzinger, P. Baillon, A.H. Ball, D. Barney, C. Bernet<sup>5</sup>, G. Bianchi, P. Bloch,  
A. Bocci, A. Bonato, H. Breuker, K. Bunkowski, T. Camporesi, G. Cerminara, T. Christiansen,  
J.A. Coarasa Perez, D. D'Enterria, A. De Roeck, S. Di Guida, M. Dobson, N. Dupont-Sagorin,  
A. Elliott-Peisert, B. Frisch, W. Funk, G. Georgiou, M. Giffels, D. Gigi, K. Gill, M. Giunta, F. Glege,  
R. Gomez-Reino Garrido, P. Govoni, S. Gowdy, R. Guida, M. Hansen, P. Harris, C. Hartl, J. Harvey,  
B. Hegner, A. Hinzmann, V. Innocente, P. Janot, K. Kaadze, E. Karavakis, K. Kousouris, P. Lecoq, P. Lenzi,  
C. Lourenço, T. Mäki, M. Malberti, L. Malgeri, M. Mannelli, L. Masetti, F. Meijers, S. Mersi, E. Meschi,  
R. Moser, M.U. Mozer, M. Mulders, E. Nesvold, M. Nguyen, T. Orimoto, L. Orsini, E. Palencia Cortezon,  
E. Perez, A. Petrilli, A. Pfeiffer, M. Pierini, M. Pimiä, D. Piparo, G. Polese, L. Quertenmont, A. Racz,  
W. Reece, J. Rodrigues Antunes, G. Rolandi<sup>33</sup>, T. Rommerskirchen, C. Rovelli<sup>34</sup>, M. Rovere, H. Sakulin,  
F. Santanastasio, C. Schäfer, C. Schwick, I. Segoni, S. Sekmen, A. Sharma, P. Siegrist, P. Silva, M. Simon,  
P. Sphicas<sup>35</sup>, M. Spiropulu<sup>4</sup>, M. Stoye, A. Tsiros, G.I. Veres<sup>17</sup>, J.R. Vlimant, H.K. Wöhri, S.D. Worm<sup>36</sup>,  
W.D. Zeuner

*CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland*

W. Bertl, K. Deiters, W. Erdmann, K. Gabathuler, R. Horisberger, Q. Ingram, H.C. Kaestli, S. König,  
D. Kotlinski, U. Langenegger, F. Meier, D. Renker, T. Rohe, J. Sibille<sup>37</sup>

*Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland*

L. Bäni, P. Bortignon, M.A. Buchmann, B. Casal, N. Chanon, Z. Chen, A. Deisher, G. Dissertori, M. Dittmar,  
M. Dünser, J. Eugster, K. Freudenreich, C. Grab, P. Lecomte, W. Lustermann, A.C. Marini,  
P. Martinez Ruiz del Arbol, N. Mohr, F. Moortgat, C. Nägeli<sup>38</sup>, P. Nef, F. Nessi-Tedaldi, L. Pape, F. Pauss,  
M. Peruzzi, F.J. Ronga, M. Rossini, L. Sala, A.K. Sanchez, M.-C. Sawley, A. Starodumov<sup>39</sup>, B. Stieger,  
M. Takahashi, L. Tauscher<sup>†</sup>, A. Thea, K. Theofilatos, D. Treille, C. Urscheler, R. Wallny, H.A. Weber,  
L. Wehrli

*Institute for Particle Physics, ETH Zurich, Zurich, Switzerland*

E. Aguilo, C. Amsler, V. Chiochia, S. De Visscher, C. Favaro, M. Ivova Rikova, B. Millan Mejias,  
P. Otiougova, P. Robmann, H. Snoek, S. Tupputi, M. Verzetti

*Universität Zürich, Zurich, Switzerland*

Y.H. Chang, K.H. Chen, C.M. Kuo, S.W. Li, W. Lin, Z.K. Liu, Y.J. Lu, D. Mekterovic, R. Volpe, S.S. Yu

*National Central University, Chung-Li, Taiwan*

P. Bartalini, P. Chang, Y.H. Chang, Y.W. Chang, Y. Chao, K.F. Chen, C. Dietz, U. Grundler, W.-S. Hou,  
Y. Hsiung, K.Y. Kao, Y.J. Lei, R.-S. Lu, D. Majumder, E. Petrakou, X. Shi, J.G. Shiu, Y.M. Tzeng, M. Wang

*National Taiwan University (NTU), Taipei, Taiwan*

A. Adiguzel, M.N. Bakirci<sup>40</sup>, S. Cerci<sup>41</sup>, C. Dozen, I. Dumanoglu, E. Eskut, S. Girgis, G. Gokbulut, I. Hos,  
E.E. Kangal, G. Karapinar, A. Kayis Topaksu, G. Onengut, K. Ozdemir, S. Ozturk<sup>42</sup>, A. Polatoz, K. Sogut<sup>43</sup>,  
D. Sunar Cerci<sup>41</sup>, B. Tali<sup>41</sup>, H. Topakli<sup>40</sup>, L.N. Vergili, M. Vergili

*Cukurova University, Adana, Turkey*



I.V. Akin, T. Aliev, B. Bilin, S. Bilmis, M. Deniz, H. Gamsizkan, A.M. Guler, K. Ocalan, A. Ozpineci, M. Serin, R. Sever, U.E. Surat, M. Yalvac, E. Yildirim, M. Zeyrek

*Middle East Technical University, Physics Department, Ankara, Turkey*

M. Deliomeroglu, E. Gülmez, B. Isildak, M. Kaya<sup>44</sup>, O. Kaya<sup>44</sup>, S. Ozkorucuklu<sup>45</sup>, N. Sonmez<sup>46</sup>

*Bogazici University, Istanbul, Turkey*

K. Cankocak

*Istanbul Technical University, Istanbul, Turkey*

L. Levchuk

*National Scientific Center, Kharkov Institute of Physics and Technology, Kharkov, Ukraine*

F. Bostock, J.J. Brooke, E. Clement, D. Cussans, H. Flacher, R. Frazier, J. Goldstein, M. Grimes, G.P. Heath, H.F. Heath, L. Kreczko, S. Metson, D.M. Newbold<sup>36</sup>, K. Nirunpong, A. Poll, S. Senkin, V.J. Smith, T. Williams

*University of Bristol, Bristol, United Kingdom*

L. Basso<sup>47</sup>, A. Belyaev<sup>47</sup>, C. Brew, R.M. Brown, D.J.A. Cockerill, J.A. Coughlan, K. Harder, S. Harper, J. Jackson, B.W. Kennedy, E. Olaiya, D. Petyt, B.C. Radburn-Smith, C.H. Shepherd-Themistocleous, I.R. Tomalin, W.J. Womersley

*Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom*

R. Bainbridge, G. Ball, R. Beuselinck, O. Buchmuller, D. Colling, N. Cripps, M. Cutajar, P. Dauncey, G. Davies, M. Della Negra, W. Ferguson, J. Fulcher, D. Futyan, A. Gilbert, A. Guneratne Bryer, G. Hall, Z. Hatherell, J. Hays, G. Iles, M. Jarvis, G. Karapostoli, L. Lyons, A.-M. Magnan, J. Marrouche, B. Mathias, R. Nandi, J. Nash, A. Nikitenko<sup>39</sup>, A. Papageorgiou, M. Pesaresi, K. Petridis, M. Pioppi<sup>48</sup>, D.M. Raymond, S. Rogerson, N. Rompotis, A. Rose, M.J. Ryan, C. Seez, P. Sharp, A. Sparrow, A. Tapper, M. Vazquez Acosta, T. Virdee, S. Wakefield, N. Wardle, T. Whyntie

*Imperial College, London, United Kingdom*

M. Barrett, M. Chadwick, J.E. Cole, P.R. Hobson, A. Khan, P. Kyberd, D. Leggat, D. Leslie, W. Martin, I.D. Reid, P. Symonds, L. Teodorescu, M. Turner

*Brunel University, Uxbridge, United Kingdom*

K. Hatakeyama, H. Liu, T. Scarborough

*Baylor University, Waco, USA*

C. Henderson, P. Rumerio

*The University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, USA*

A. Avetisyan, T. Bose, C. Fantasia, A. Heister, J. St. John, P. Lawson, D. Lazic, J. Rohlf, D. Sperka, L. Sulak

*Boston University, Boston, USA*

J. Alimena, S. Bhattacharya, D. Cutts, A. Ferapontov, U. Heintz, S. Jabeen, G. Kukartsev, G. Landsberg, M. Luk, M. Narain, D. Nguyen, M. Segala, T. Sinthuprasith, T. Speer, K.V. Tsang

*Brown University, Providence, USA*

R. Breedon, G. Breto, M. Calderon De La Barca Sanchez, S. Chauhan, M. Chertok, J. Conway, R. Conway, P.T. Cox, J. Dolen, R. Erbacher, M. Gardner, R. Houtz, W. Ko, A. Kopecky, R. Lander, O. Mall, T. Miceli,

R. Nelson, D. Pellett, J. Robles, B. Rutherford, M. Searle, J. Smith, M. Squires, M. Tripathi,  
R. Vasquez Sierra

*University of California, Davis, Davis, USA*

V. Andreev, D. Cline, R. Cousins, J. Duris, S. Erhan, P. Everaerts, C. Farrell, J. Hauser, M. Ignatenko,  
C. Plager, G. Rakness, P. Schlein<sup>†</sup>, J. Tucker, V. Valuev, M. Weber

*University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, USA*

J. Babb, R. Clare, M.E. Dinardo, J. Ellison, J.W. Gary, F. Giordano, G. Hanson, G.Y. Jeng, H. Liu, O.R. Long,  
A. Luthra, H. Nguyen, S. Paramesvaran, J. Sturdy, S. Sumowidagdo, R. Wilken, S. Wimpenny

*University of California, Riverside, Riverside, USA*

W. Andrews, J.G. Branson, G.B. Cerati, S. Cittolin, D. Evans, F. Golf, A. Holzner, R. Kelley, M. Lebourgeois,  
J. Letts, I. Macneill, B. Mangano, S. Padhi, C. Palmer, G. Petrucciani, M. Pieri, R. Ranieri, M. Sani,  
V. Sharma, S. Simon, E. Sudano, M. Tadel, Y. Tu, A. Vartak, S. Wasserbaech<sup>49</sup>, F. Würthwein, A. Yagil,  
J. Yoo

*University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, USA*

D. Barge, R. Bellan, C. Campagnari, M. D'Alfonso, T. Danielson, K. Flowers, P. Geffert, J. Incandela,  
C. Justus, P. Kalavase, S.A. Koay, D. Kovalskyi<sup>1</sup>, V. Krutelyov, S. Lowette, N. Mccoll, V. Pavlunin,  
F. Rebassoo, J. Ribnik, J. Richman, R. Rossin, D. Stuart, W. To, C. West

*University of California, Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, USA*

A. Apresyan, A. Bornheim, Y. Chen, E. Di Marco, J. Duarte, M. Gataullin, Y. Ma, A. Mott, H.B. Newman,  
C. Rogan, V. Timciuc, P. Traczyk, J. Veverka, R. Wilkinson, Y. Yang, R.Y. Zhu

*California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA*

B. Akgun, R. Carroll, T. Ferguson, Y. Iiyama, D.W. Jang, Y.F. Liu, M. Paulini, H. Vogel, I. Vorobiev

*Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, USA*

J.P. Cumalat, B.R. Drell, C.J. Edelmaier, W.T. Ford, A. Gaz, B. Heyburn, E. Luiggi Lopez, J.G. Smith,  
K. Stenson, K.A. Ulmer, S.R. Wagner

*University of Colorado at Boulder, Boulder, USA*

L. Agostino, J. Alexander, A. Chatterjee, N. Eggert, L.K. Gibbons, B. Heltsley, W. Hopkins,  
A. Khukhunaishvili, B. Kreis, N. Mirman, G. Nicolas Kaufman, J.R. Patterson, A. Ryd, E. Salvati, W. Sun,  
W.D. Teo, J. Thom, J. Thompson, J. Vaughan, Y. Weng, L. Winstrom, P. Wittich

*Cornell University, Ithaca, USA*

D. Winn

*Fairfield University, Fairfield, USA*

S. Abdullin, M. Albrow, J. Anderson, L.A.T. Bauerdick, A. Beretvas, J. Berryhill, P.C. Bhat, I. Bloch,  
K. Burkett, J.N. Butler, V. Chetluru, H.W.K. Cheung, F. Chlebana, V.D. Elvira, I. Fisk, J. Freeman, Y. Gao,  
D. Green, O. Gutsche, J. Hanlon, R.M. Harris, J. Hirschauer, B. Hooberman, S. Jindariani, M. Johnson,  
U. Joshi, B. Kilminster, B. Klima, S. Kunori, S. Kwan, D. Lincoln, R. Lipton, J. Lykken, K. Maeshima,  
J.M. Marraffino, S. Maruyama, D. Mason, P. McBride, K. Mishra, S. Mrenna, Y. Musienko<sup>50</sup>,  
C. Newman-Holmes, V. O'Dell, O. Prokofyev, E. Sexton-Kennedy, S. Sharma, W.J. Spalding, L. Spiegel,  
P. Tan, S. Tkaczyk, N.V. Tran, L. Uplegger, E.W. Vaandering, R. Vidal, J. Whitmore, W. Wu, F. Yang,  
F. Yumiceva, J.C. Yun

*Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, USA*

D. Acosta, P. Avery, D. Bourilkov, M. Chen, S. Das, M. De Gruttola, G.P. Di Giovanni, D. Dobur, A. Drozdetskiy, R.D. Field, M. Fisher, Y. Fu, I.K. Furic, J. Gartner, J. Hugon, B. Kim, J. Konigsberg, A. Korytov, A. Kropivnitskaya, T. Kypreos, J.F. Low, K. Matchev, P. Milenovic<sup>51</sup>, G. Mitselmakher, L. Muniz, R. Remington, A. Rinkevicius, P. Sellers, N. Skhirtladze, M. Snowball, J. Yelton, M. Zakaria

*University of Florida, Gainesville, USA*

V. Gaultney, L.M. Lebolo, S. Linn, P. Markowitz, G. Martinez, J.L. Rodriguez

*Florida International University, Miami, USA*

T. Adams, A. Askew, J. Bochenek, J. Chen, B. Diamond, S.V. Gleyzer, J. Haas, S. Hagopian, V. Hagopian, M. Jenkins, K.F. Johnson, H. Prosper, V. Veeraraghavan, M. Weinberg

*Florida State University, Tallahassee, USA*

M.M. Baarmand, B. Dorney, M. Hohlmann, H. Kalakhety, I. Vodopyanov

*Florida Institute of Technology, Melbourne, USA*

M.R. Adams, I.M. Anghel, L. Apanasevich, Y. Bai, V.E. Bazterra, R.R. Betts, J. Callner, R. Cavanaugh, C. Dragoiu, O. Evdokimov, L. Gauthier, C.E. Gerber, D.J. Hofman, S. Khalatyan, F. Lacroix, M. Malek, C. O'Brien, C. Silkworth, D. Strom, N. Varelas

*University of Illinois at Chicago (UIC), Chicago, USA*

U. Akgun, E.A. Albayrak, B. Bilki<sup>52</sup>, W. Clarida, F. Duru, S. Griffiths, C.K. Lae, J.-P. Merlo, H. Mermerkaya<sup>53</sup>, A. Mestvirishvili, A. Moeller, J. Nachtman, C.R. Newsom, E. Norbeck, J. Olson, Y. Onel, F. Ozok, S. Sen, E. Tiras, J. Wetzel, T. Yetkin, K. Yi

*The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA*

B.A. Barnett, B. Blumenfeld, S. Bolognesi, D. Fehling, G. Giurgiu, A.V. Gritsan, Z.J. Guo, G. Hu, P. Maksimovic, S. Rappoccio, M. Swartz, A. Whitbeck

*Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, USA*

P. Baringer, A. Bean, G. Benelli, O. Grachov, R.P. Kenny Iii, M. Murray, D. Noonan, S. Sanders, R. Stringer, G. Tinti, J.S. Wood, V. Zhukova

*The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA*

A.F. Barfuss, T. Bolton, I. Chakaberia, A. Ivanov, S. Khalil, M. Makouski, Y. Maravin, S. Shrestha, I. Svintradze

*Kansas State University, Manhattan, USA*

J. Gronberg, D. Lange, D. Wright

*Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, USA*

A. Baden, M. Boutemour, B. Calvert, S.C. Eno, J.A. Gomez, N.J. Hadley, R.G. Kellogg, M. Kirn, T. Kolberg, Y. Lu, M. Marionneau, A.C. Mignerey, A. Peterman, K. Rossato, A. Skuja, J. Temple, M.B. Tonjes, S.C. Tonwar, E. Twedt

*University of Maryland, College Park, USA*

G. Bauer, J. Bendavid, W. Busza, E. Butz, I.A. Cali, M. Chan, V. Dutta, G. Gomez Ceballos, M. Goncharov, K.A. Hahn, Y. Kim, M. Klute, Y.-J. Lee, W. Li, P.D. Luckey, T. Ma, S. Nahn, C. Paus, D. Ralph, C. Roland, G. Roland, M. Rudolph, G.S.F. Stephans, F. Stöckli, K. Sumorok, K. Sung, D. Velicanu, E.A. Wenger, R. Wolf, B. Wyslouch, S. Xie, M. Yang, Y. Yilmaz, A.S. Yoon, M. Zanetti

*Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, USA*

S.I. Cooper, P. Cushman, B. Dahmes, A. De Benedetti, G. Franzoni, A. Gude, J. Haupt, S.C. Kao, K. Klapoetke, Y. Kubota, J. Mans, N. Pastika, V. Rekovic, R. Rusack, M. Sasseville, A. Singovsky, N. Tambe, J. Turkewitz

*University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, USA*

L.M. Cremaldi, R. Kroeger, L. Perera, R. Rahmat, D.A. Sanders

*University of Mississippi, University, USA*

E. Avdeeva, K. Bloom, S. Bose, J. Butt, D.R. Claes, A. Dominguez, M. Eads, P. Jindal, J. Keller, I. Kravchenko, J. Lazo-Flores, H. Malbouisson, S. Malik, G.R. Snow

*University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Lincoln, USA*

U. Baur, A. Godshalk, I. Iashvili, S. Jain, A. Kharchilava, A. Kumar, S.P. Shipkowski, K. Smith

*State University of New York at Buffalo, Buffalo, USA*

G. Alverson, E. Barberis, D. Baumgartel, M. Chasco, J. Haley, D. Trocino, D. Wood, J. Zhang

*Northeastern University, Boston, USA*

A. Anastassov, A. Kubik, N. Mucia, N. Odell, R.A. Ofierzynski, B. Pollack, A. Pozdnyakov, M. Schmitt, S. Stoynev, M. Velasco, S. Won

*Northwestern University, Evanston, USA*

L. Antonelli, D. Berry, A. Brinkerhoff, M. Hildreth, C. Jessop, D.J. Karmgard, J. Kolb, K. Lannon, W. Luo, S. Lynch, N. Marinelli, D.M. Morse, T. Pearson, R. Ruchti, J. Slaunwhite, N. Valls, M. Wayne, M. Wolf, J. Ziegler

*University of Notre Dame, Notre Dame, USA*

B. Bylsma, L.S. Durkin, C. Hill, P. Killewald, K. Kotov, T.Y. Ling, D. Puigh, M. Rodenburg, C. Vuosalo, G. Williams, B.L. Winer

*The Ohio State University, Columbus, USA*

N. Adam, E. Berry, P. Elmer, D. Gerbaudo, V. Halyo, P. Hebda, J. Hegeman, A. Hunt, E. Laird, D. Lopes Pegna, P. Lujan, D. Marlow, T. Medvedeva, M. Mooney, J. Olsen, P. Piroué, X. Quan, A. Raval, H. Saka, D. Stickland, C. Tully, J.S. Werner, A. Zuranski

*Princeton University, Princeton, USA*

J.G. Acosta, X.T. Huang, A. Lopez, H. Mendez, S. Oliveros, J.E. Ramirez Vargas, A. Zatserklyaniy

*University of Puerto Rico, Mayaguez, USA*

E. Alagoz, V.E. Barnes, D. Benedetti, G. Bolla, D. Bortoletto, M. De Mattia, A. Everett, Z. Hu, M. Jones, O. Koybasi, M. Kress, A.T. Laasanen, N. Leonardo, V. Maroussov, P. Merkel, D.H. Miller, N. Neumeister, I. Shipsey, D. Silvers, A. Svyatkovskiy, M. Vidal Marono, H.D. Yoo, J. Zablocki, Y. Zheng

*Purdue University, West Lafayette, USA*

S. Guragain, N. Parashar

*Purdue University Calumet, Hammond, USA*

A. Adair, C. Boulahouache, V. Cuplov, K.M. Ecklund, F.J.M. Geurts, B.P. Padley, R. Redjimi, J. Roberts, J. Zabel

*Rice University, Houston, USA*

B. Betchart, A. Bodek, Y.S. Chung, R. Covarelli, P. de Barbaro, R. Demina, Y. Eshaq, A. Garcia-Bellido, P. Goldenzweig, Y. Gotra, J. Han, A. Harel, D.C. Miner, D. Vishnevskiy, M. Zielinski

*University of Rochester, Rochester, USA*

A. Bhatti, R. Ciesielski, L. Demortier, K. Goulios, G. Lungu, S. Malik, C. Mesropian

*The Rockefeller University, New York, USA*

S. Arora, O. Atramentov, A. Barker, J.P. Chou, C. Contreras-Campana, E. Contreras-Campana, D. Duggan, D. Ferencek, Y. Gershtein, R. Gray, E. Halkiadakis, D. Hidas, D. Hits, A. Lath, S. Panwalkar, M. Park, R. Patel, A. Richards, K. Rose, S. Salur, S. Schnetzer, C. Seitz, S. Somalwar, R. Stone, S. Thomas

*Rutgers, the State University of New Jersey, Piscataway, USA*

G. Cerizza, M. Hollingsworth, S. Spanier, Z.C. Yang, A. York

*University of Tennessee, Knoxville, USA*

R. Eusebi, W. Flanagan, J. Gilmore, T. Kamon<sup>54</sup>, V. Khotilovich, R. Montalvo, I. Osipenkov, Y. Pakhotin, A. Perloff, J. Roe, A. Safonov, T. Sakuma, S. Sengupta, I. Suarez, A. Tatarinov, D. Toback

*Texas A&M University, College Station, USA*

N. Akchurin, J. Damgov, P.R. Duder, C. Jeong, K. Kovitangoon, S.W. Lee, T. Libeiro, Y. Roh, I. Volobouev

*Texas Tech University, Lubbock, USA*

E. Appelt, D. Engh, C. Florez, S. Greene, A. Gurrola, W. Johns, P. Kurt, C. Maguire, A. Melo, P. Sheldon, B. Snook, S. Tuo, J. Velkovska

*Vanderbilt University, Nashville, USA*

M.W. Arenton, M. Balazs, S. Boutle, B. Cox, B. Francis, J. Goodell, R. Hirosky, A. Ledovskoy, C. Lin, C. Neu, J. Wood, R. Yohay

*University of Virginia, Charlottesville, USA*

S. Gollapinni, R. Harr, P.E. Karchin, C. Kottachchi Kankanamge Don, P. Lamichhane, A. Sakharov

*Wayne State University, Detroit, USA*

M. Anderson, M. Bachtis, D. Belknap, L. Borrello, D. Carlsmith, M. Cepeda, S. Dasu, L. Gray, K.S. Grogg, M. Grothe, R. Hall-Wilton, M. Herndon, A. Hervé, P. Klabbers, J. Klukas, A. Lanaro, C. Lazaridis, J. Leonard, R. Loveless, A. Mohapatra, I. Ojalvo, G.A. Pierro, I. Ross, A. Savin, W.H. Smith, J. Swanson

*University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA*

<sup>†</sup> Deceased.

<sup>1</sup> Also at CERN, European Organization for Nuclear Research, Geneva, Switzerland.

<sup>2</sup> Also at National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, Tallinn, Estonia.

<sup>3</sup> Also at Universidade Federal do ABC, Santo Andre, Brazil.

<sup>4</sup> Also at California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, USA.

<sup>5</sup> Also at Laboratoire Leprince-Ringuet, Ecole Polytechnique, IN2P3-CNRS, Palaiseau, France.

<sup>6</sup> Also at Suez Canal University, Suez, Egypt.

<sup>7</sup> Also at Cairo University, Cairo, Egypt.

<sup>8</sup> Also at British University, Cairo, Egypt.

<sup>9</sup> Also at Fayoum University, El-Fayoum, Egypt.

<sup>10</sup> Now at Ain Shams University, Cairo, Egypt.

<sup>11</sup> Also at Soltan Institute for Nuclear Studies, Warsaw, Poland.

<sup>12</sup> Also at Université de Haute-Alsace, Mulhouse, France.

<sup>13</sup> Now at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia.

<sup>14</sup> Also at Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia.

<sup>15</sup> Also at Brandenburg University of Technology, Cottbus, Germany.

<sup>16</sup> Also at Institute of Nuclear Research ATOMKI, Debrecen, Hungary.

<sup>17</sup> Also at Eötvös Loránd University, Budapest, Hungary.

- <sup>18</sup> Also at Tata Institute of Fundamental Research – HECR, Mumbai, India.
- <sup>19</sup> Now at King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.
- <sup>20</sup> Also at University of Visva-Bharati, Santiniketan, India.
- <sup>21</sup> Also at Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran.
- <sup>22</sup> Also at Isfahan University of Technology, Isfahan, Iran.
- <sup>23</sup> Also at Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran.
- <sup>24</sup> Also at Plasma Physics Research Center, Science and Research Branch, Islamic Azad University, Teheran, Iran.
- <sup>25</sup> Also at Facoltà Ingegneria, Università di Roma, Roma, Italy.
- <sup>26</sup> Also at Università della Basilicata, Potenza, Italy.
- <sup>27</sup> Also at Università degli Studi Guglielmo Marconi, Roma, Italy.
- <sup>28</sup> Also at Laboratori Nazionali di Legnaro dell'INFN, Legnaro, Italy.
- <sup>29</sup> Also at Università degli Studi di Siena, Siena, Italy.
- <sup>30</sup> Also at Faculty of Physics of University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia.
- <sup>31</sup> Also at University of Florida, Gainesville, USA.
- <sup>32</sup> Also at University of California, Los Angeles, Los Angeles, USA.
- <sup>33</sup> Also at Scuola Normale e Sezione dell'INFN, Pisa, Italy.
- <sup>34</sup> Also at INFN Sezione di Roma; Università di Roma “La Sapienza”, Roma, Italy.
- <sup>35</sup> Also at University of Athens, Athens, Greece.
- <sup>36</sup> Also at Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom.
- <sup>37</sup> Also at The University of Kansas, Lawrence, USA.
- <sup>38</sup> Also at Paul Scherrer Institut, Villigen, Switzerland.
- <sup>39</sup> Also at Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, Moscow, Russia.
- <sup>40</sup> Also at Gaziosmanpasa University, Tokat, Turkey.
- <sup>41</sup> Also at Adiyaman University, Adiyaman, Turkey.
- <sup>42</sup> Also at The University of Iowa, Iowa City, USA.
- <sup>43</sup> Also at Mersin University, Mersin, Turkey.
- <sup>44</sup> Also at Kafkas University, Kars, Turkey.
- <sup>45</sup> Also at Suleyman Demirel University, Isparta, Turkey.
- <sup>46</sup> Also at Ege University, Izmir, Turkey.
- <sup>47</sup> Also at School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Southampton, Southampton, United Kingdom.
- <sup>48</sup> Also at INFN Sezione di Perugia; Università di Perugia, Perugia, Italy.
- <sup>49</sup> Also at Utah Valley University, Orem, USA.
- <sup>50</sup> Also at Institute for Nuclear Research, Moscow, Russia.
- <sup>51</sup> Also at University of Belgrade, Faculty of Physics and Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, Belgrade, Serbia.
- <sup>52</sup> Also at Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, USA.
- <sup>53</sup> Also at Erzincan University, Erzincan, Turkey.
- <sup>54</sup> Also at Kyungpook National University, Daegu, Republic of Korea.